Future Infrastructure Forum 1 Newcastle University Research

EPSRC Network for Resilient & Sustainable Infrastructure







What I hope to get out of this meeting

- What should the proposals look like?
- How big, how many partners?
- Multidisciplinary/traditional?
- Individual detailed models or coarse integrated model?

• How will we maximise our chances of getting supportive reviewers?





What can Newcastle offer the network?

- GIS expertise geomatics group
- Climate change Impacts Climate model outputs, downscaling.
- Structural and ground Engineering





Ground Engineering and Structural Engineering @Newcastle (GEST)

Dr Colin Davie High temperature (concrete), multi-phase flow



Dr Jean Hall Engineering geology



Dr Gaetano Elia Soil dynamics



Dr Paul Hughes Soil stabilisation, slope stability



Dr Stephanie Glendinning Soil stabilisation, electrokinetics, slope stability



Dr Mohamed Rouainia Soil constitutive modelling







Ground Engineering and Structural Engineering @Newcastle (GEST)

Dr Sean Wilkinson Earthquake engineering Critical Infrastructure Networks (Resilient Communities)



Prof Peter Gosling Fabric structures



Dr Ben Bridgens Fabric Structures



Dr Richard Dawson Resilient Cities Climate Change Impacts



Dr Vladimir Vinogradov Composite Structure constitutive modes and Finite Elements



Professor Chris Kilsby, Dr Hayley Fowler Climate Change Impacts ITRC





Main Research Areas

•Climate Change Impacts •RESNET, ECLISE, CONVEX, RESILIENT FUTURES, CRANIUN, BETWIXT

•Geotechnical Engineering and Structural Engineering (GEST) •ITRC





Future Wind Speed







ITRC: The UK Infrastructure Transitions Research Consortium Prof Jim Hall, Environmental Change Institute, University of Oxford Newcastle – Kilsby, Curtis and Barr

Aim: To develop a new generation of system simulation models and methods to inform analysis, planning and design of national infrastructure in the energy, transport, water, waste and telecoms sectors..



Resilient Futures



- Resilient Futures is a £1.4m EPSRC project that is looking at what our critical national infrastructure looks like in 2030? 2050, and beyond?
 - Current practices focused on single, isolated systems
 - Modern infrastructure is developing into an highly connected system
 - Interdependent networks respond differently in network disruption events
 - Can be more vulnerable than individual networks





GEST Main Research Areas

Advanced characterisation of soils
cyclic, dynamic, small strain



Constitutive Modelling of Geomaterials

•Cemented, structured and partially saturated soils, rocks, concrete.











Conductivity Modelling and Measurement

- Saturated and unsaturated flow in soil
- Electrokinetics
- Thermal behaviour of soils
- High temperature concrete







Slope Stability

- Slope stabilisation using cementitious materials
- Slope stabilisation using electrokinetics
- Effects of climate on long-term behaviour







•Extreme loadings

- Earthquakes
- Cyclic
- Wind/Waves
- Fire





Civil Engineering and Geosciences

Legacy of mining

Tailings treatment, mine gas, subsidence, void migration



Ground Improvement and Waste Treatment



Slope stability and Climate Change



mMott

Re-use of waste materials and soil stabilisation



Finished lime column













Constitutive and Numerical Modelling







Concrete at high temperatures

Coupled hygro-thermo-mechanical modelling of concrete

- Complex, fully coupled, fully generalised 3D multi-phase model (finite element)
- Solid, liquid and gas components (partially saturated material)
- Numerical investigations of:
 - concrete exposed to isothermal drying
 - concrete exposed to fire
 - thermal spalling
 - nuclear power plant structures













EEFIT EARTHQUAKE MISSION GRANT: FUNDING FOR IMPROVED RESPONSE AND DISSEMINATION









RESNET: Resilient Electricity Networks for Great Britain

- Newcastle University
- Sean Wilkinson, Chris Kilsby, Richard Dawson
- The University of Manchester
- Kevin Anderson, Ian Cotton, Sarah Mander, Ruth Wood









Project Aim

'This project will develop and demonstrate a comprehensive systems-level approach to analysing, at the GB scale, the resilience of existing and future electricity networks.

It will develop, test and refine tools for evaluating adaptation measures designed to enhance the resilience of the network including societal and technical adaptation.'





Project Work Packages





Preliminary Work









General Trends

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- Isolation of Scotland/Northern England; however, demand met
- Isolation of South Wales demand not met
- Isolation of London, Southern England and the Midlands demand not met



Some Real World Networks



Nojima (2006) Albert, Jeong and Barabasi (2000) Albert, Albert and Nakarado (2004) Wilkinson and Henderson (2006) Crucittia et al. (2004) Amaral et al. (2004) Amaral et al. (2009) Infrastructure networks obey small-Infrastructure networks obey small-Infrastructure networks obey small-

Scale Free

- Japanese air network
- Internet
- World Wide V
- Us Air Traffic
- Exponential
 - USA power gr
 - UK power griu





Network Architecture of Real World Networks





Flights on 17th April 2010



Data Set



525 Airports
3886 air routes
operated by 203 airlines





Is the network Vulnerable?







Degree Distribution - Data





Degree Distribution – Scale Free





Degree Distribution –Scale Free with Reconfiguration





Degree Distribution – Scale Free with Reconfiguration





Synthetic Network generating algorithms







Continental Air Traffic Model



Degree Distribution -Exponential





Degree Distribution – Exponential with Reconfiguration







Vulnerability Measures – Cancelled Routes



Robust

100%

- ▲ European Air Traffic Network for Eyjafjallajökull Eruption
- Synthetic Network for Simulated Eyjafjallajökull Eruption
- ▲ European Air Traffic Network for Random Hazard
- Synthetic Network for Random Hazard



Future Research

- Use network graph theory to construct robust architectures
- Use traditional models to quantify resilience
- To do this we need
 - Vulnerability curves for infrastructure
 - Soil vulnerability curves



